

Year 6 Overview

English

Students will:

- explain the way authors use sound and imagery to create meaning and effect in poetry
- describe the effects of assonance, alliteration and onomatopoeia in a poem
- identify authors' use of vivid, emotive vocabulary, such as metaphors, similes, personification, idioms, imagery and hyperbole
- analyse how text structures and language features work together to meet the purpose of a text, and engage and influence audiences
- use comprehension strategies such as visualising, predicting, connecting, summarising, monitoring and questioning to build literal and inferred meaning, and to connect and compare content from a variety of sources
- investigate words from other languages that are now used commonly in English and understand their original meanings and origins.



The future belongs to those who believe in the beauty of their dreams

-Eleanor Roosevelt

HASS

Students will:

- review understanding of the relationship between civics and citizenship, democracy and government
- understand the role and importance of the three levels of government in Australia
- know how ideas from citizens are made into law in Australia
- understand what rights, responsibilities and privileges are, how they impact daily life and connect to citizenship
- understand what it means to be an Australian citizen
- understand the obligations that Australian people have as global citizens



- **Reflecting on our Norwood schooling journey**
- **Self portrait artwork**
- **Graduation dance**
- **Preparation for graduation**
- **Transition to High School**

Term 4 2025

Maths

Students will:

Continued from Term 3

- establish the formula for the area of a rectangle and use it to solve practical problems
- understand that some angle pairs have special relationships based on their position or measures (for example, supplementary angles, complementary angles).
- identify the relationships between angles on a straight line, angles at a point and vertically opposite angles; use these to determine unknown angles, communicating reasoning
- compare the parallel cross-sections of objects and recognise their relationships to right prisms
- locate points in the 4 quadrants of the Cartesian plane
- describe changes to coordinates when a point is moved to a different position on the Cartesian plane
- recognise and use combinations of transformations to create tessellations and other geometric patterns, using dynamic geometric software where appropriate
- recognise that probabilities lie on numerical scales of 0 – 1 or 0% – 100%

Science

Students will:

- describe the movement of the Earth and other planets relative to the sun
- model how Earth's tilt, rotation on its axis and revolution around the sun relate to cyclic observable phenomena, including day and night length
- recognise the role of gravity in keeping the planets in orbit around the sun
- pose questions that can be investigated scientifically to explore and model scientific phenomena
- create texts to communicate ideas and findings

